# Apple production in Switzerland 

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Fruit production in Switzerland (2010)


Plum: 341 ha
Main production regions: BL, AG,TG,VS,VD


Pear: 831 ha
Main production regions: VS, TG, VD


Cherry: 485 ha
Main production regions: BL, AG, TG, SO


## $\oplus$ <br> Apple production in Switzerland compared to Europe, 2012

| Country | tons |
| :---: | :---: |
| Poland | 2'900'000 |
| Italy | 1'939'000 |
| France | 1'169'000 |
| Germany | 972'000 |
| Hungary | 747'000 |
| Spain | 386'000 |
| Romania | 351 '000 |
| Netherlands | 281'000 |
| Portugal | 221'000 |
| Grece | 242 '000 |
| Belgium | 220'000 |
| Great Britain | 162 '000 |
| Austria | 157 '000 |
| Switzerland | 141'247 |
| Tschech. Republic | 118 '000 |
| Croatia | 59'000 |
| Slowenia | 45'000 |
| Slowakia | 36 '000 |

© Swiss Apple production (tons) 1988-2012


## 5 <br> Most important apple cultivars



## $\oplus$ Farm size with apple production

Number of Swiss farms with apple production: 2'530 Average apple surface: 2.6 ha
 information about policy

- Mainly growers with less than 5 ha have mixed applelivestock farms
- $90 \%$ degree of self supply (Swiss farm union, 2009/2010)
- About 10'000 tons imported apples per year (FCA, 2011)
- Important regulation: import quotas with different duty (during production season and outside the production season)
- Different infrastructure funding (irrigation, planting) depending on the county


## Chosen typical farm for agri benchmark

- Region: Thurgau (Constance Lake region)
- Size: 8 ha (professional apple production)
- Varieties: Gala, Golden Delicious, Jonagold, Braeburn, Boskoop, Gravensteiner, Idared Maigold, and Topaz
- External apple storage (collective)
- Swissgap/Globalgap
- Data: Project Support Obst Arbo and Arbokost


## Current development regarding apple production in Switzerland

- Concentration of the fruit storage and trade sector
- Increase of new cultivars (clubs and managed cultivars)
- Fire blight
- Consume reduction
- Labor and labor costs
- Free trade agreement with the European Union
- Overproduction
- New cultivars - «cultivars carousel»
- Low residues
- Fire blight
- New pests (fruit fly, etc.)
- Labor and labor costs
- Sustainability
- Available surface area for fruit production
- Climate change - long rainless season

